

*46<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Software Engineering*

# COCA: Improving and Explaining GNN-Based Vulnerability Detection

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<sup>1</sup> Yangzhou University

<sup>2</sup> Singapore Management University



揚州大學  
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# Vulnerability Detection Advancement

## Phase 1

### Manual

Code Review, Reverse  
Engineering, Expertise



# Vulnerability Detection Advancement

## Phase 1

### Manual

Code Review, Reverse Engineering, Expertise

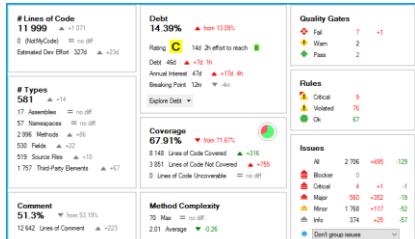


1960s

## Phase 2

### Rule

Static/Taint Analysis, Model Checking



1970s



# Vulnerability Detection Advancement

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Code Review, Reverse Engineering, Expertise

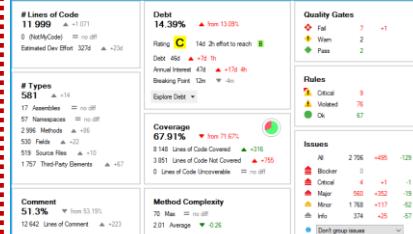


1960s

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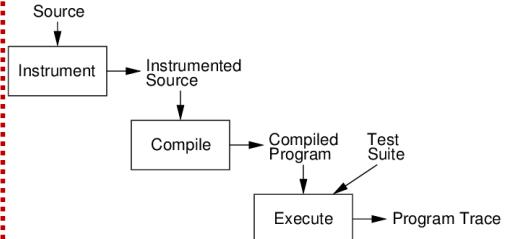


1970s

## Phase 3

### Dynamic

Fuzzing, Symbolic Execution



1990s

# Vulnerability Detection Advancement

## Phase 1

### Manual

Code Review, Reverse Engineering, Expertise



## Phase 2

### Rule

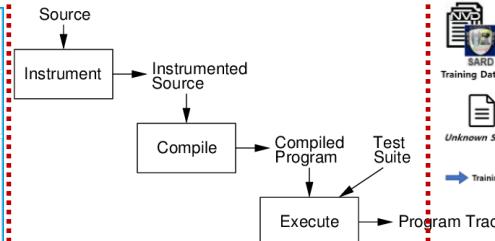
Static/Taint Analysis, Model Checking



## Phase 3

### Dynamic

Fuzzing, Symbolic Execution



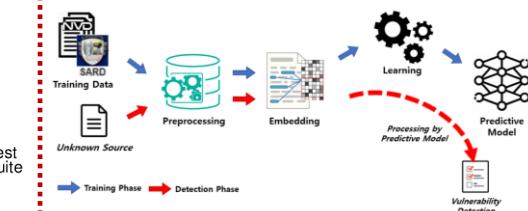
1960s

knowledge-Intensive, High FP, Poor scalability

## Phase 4

### Intelligent

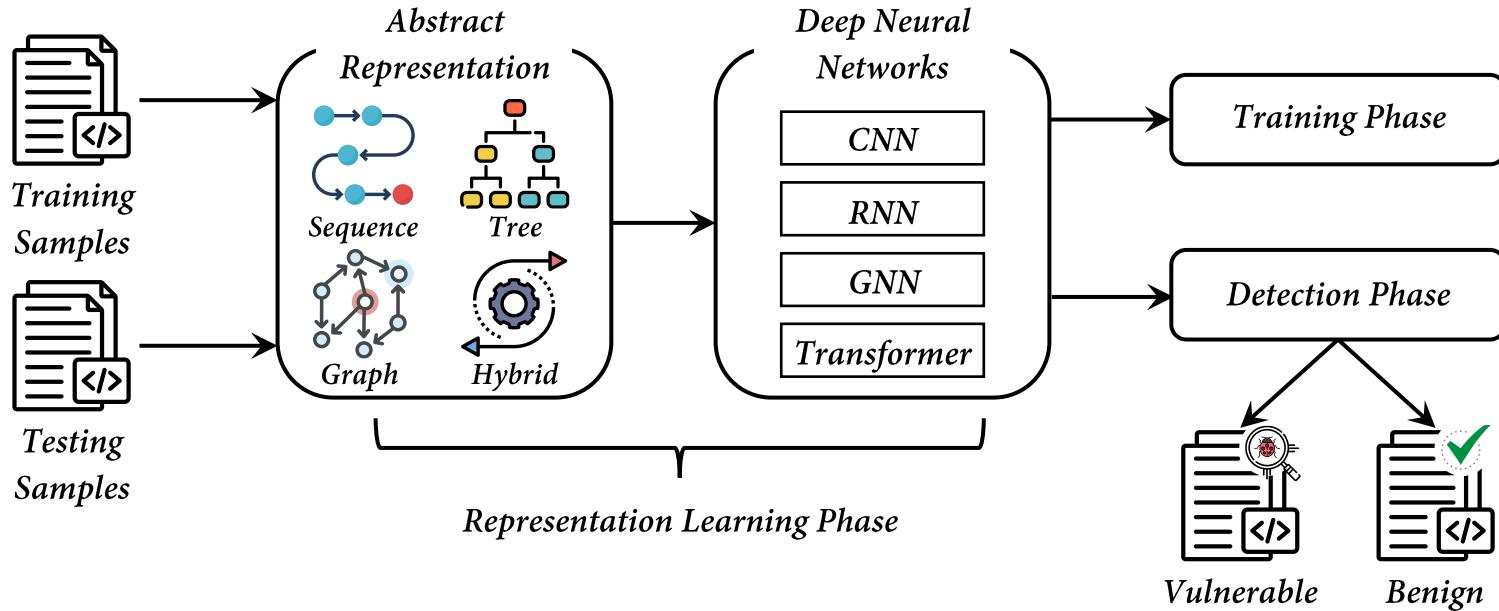
Machine/Deep Learning-Assisted



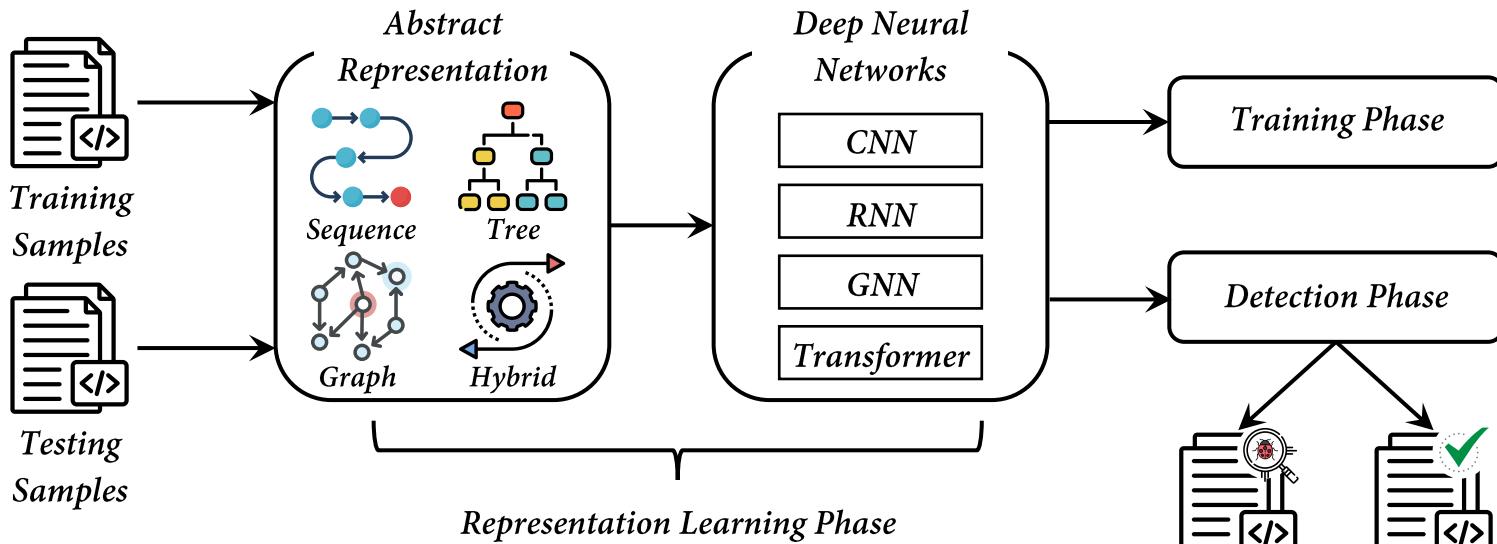
1970s

High FN, Low Coverage

# DL-based VD Workflow



# DL-based VD Workflow



Lack of *Explainability*! Why should I trust  
your detection results without explanations?



*Developer*

# Explainable VD Workflow

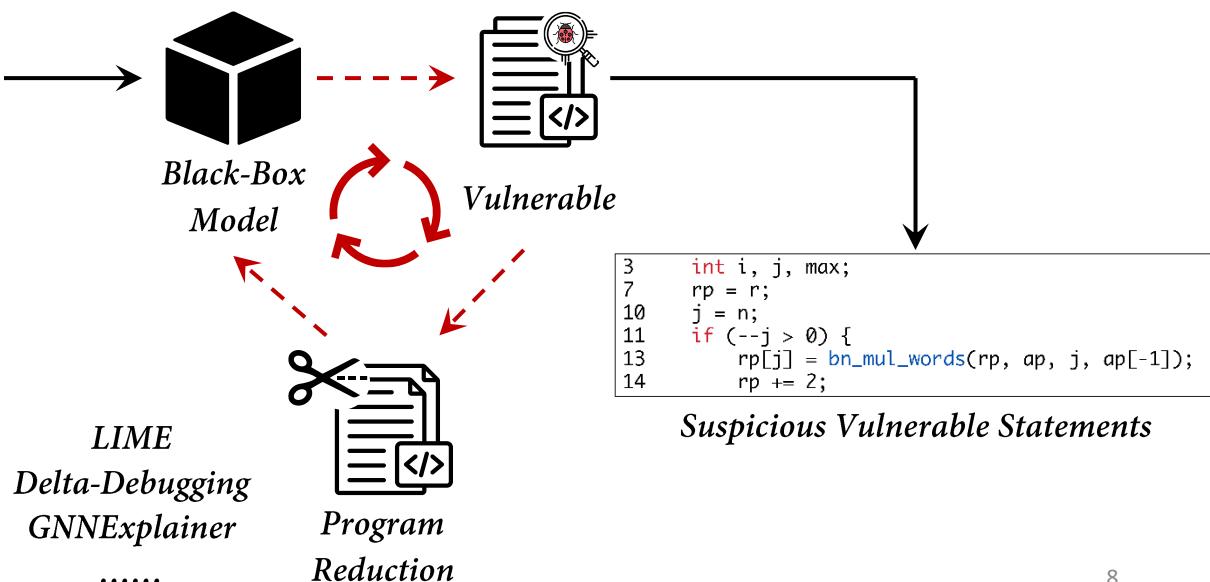
## Definition 1

Given an input program  $P = \{s_1, \dots, s_m\}$  which is detected as vulnerable, the explanation is a set of crucial statements  $\{s_i, \dots, s_j\}$  that are most relevant to the decision of the model.

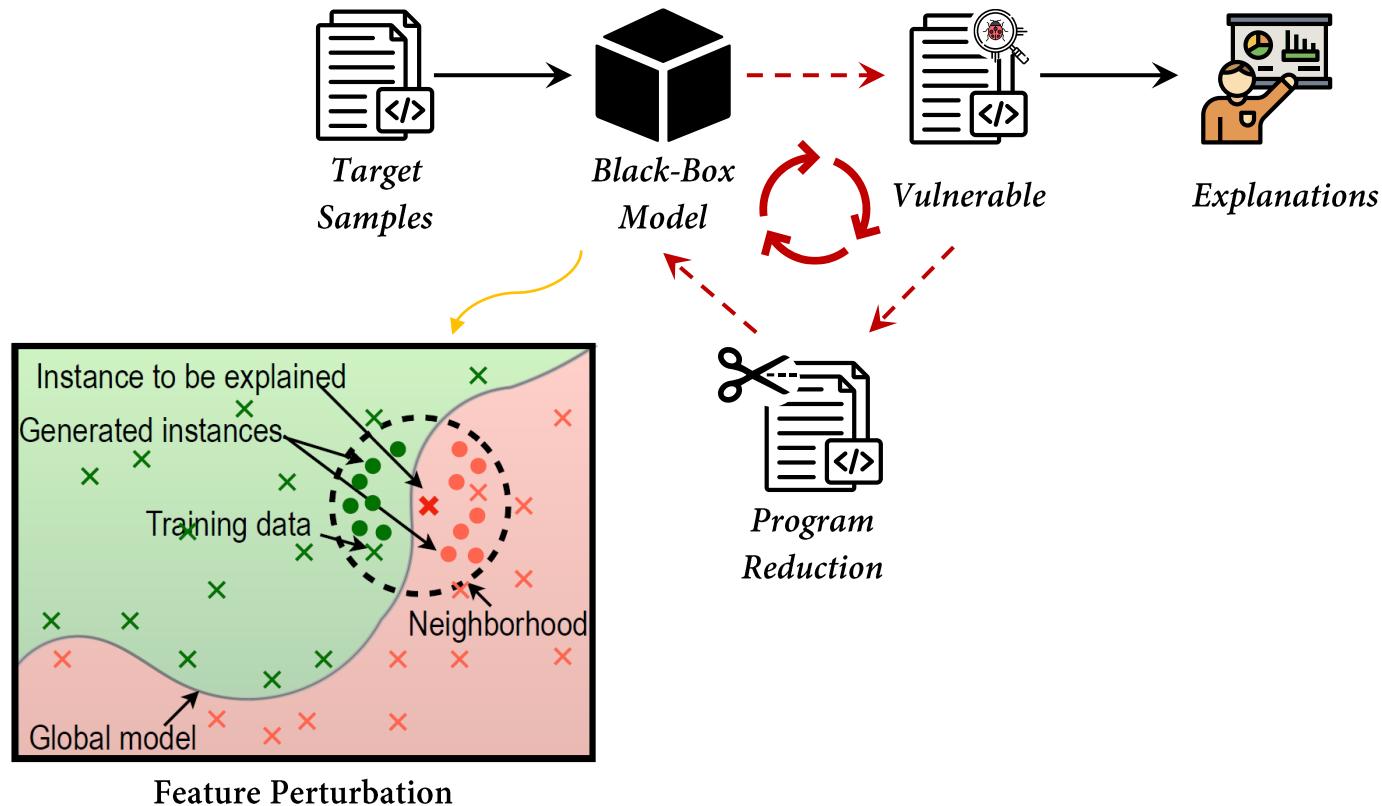
File: openssl/crypto/asn1/asn1\_lib.c  
Commit: https://github.com/openssl/openssl/blob/9b10986d7742a8105ae8c5f4eba8b103ca57ac9/  
Vulnerability Type: Buffer Overrun

```
1 void bn_sqr_normal(BN_ULONG *r, const BN_ULONG *a,
                     int n, BN_ULONG *tmp)
2 {
3     int i, j, max;
4     const BN_ULONG *ap;
5     BN_ULONG *rp;
6     ap = a;
7     rp = r;
8     rp[0] = rp[max - 1] = 0;
9     rp++;
10    j = n;
11    if (--j > 0) {
12        ap++;
13        rp[j] = bn_mul_words(rp, ap, j, ap[-1]);
14        rp += 2;
15    }
16 }
```

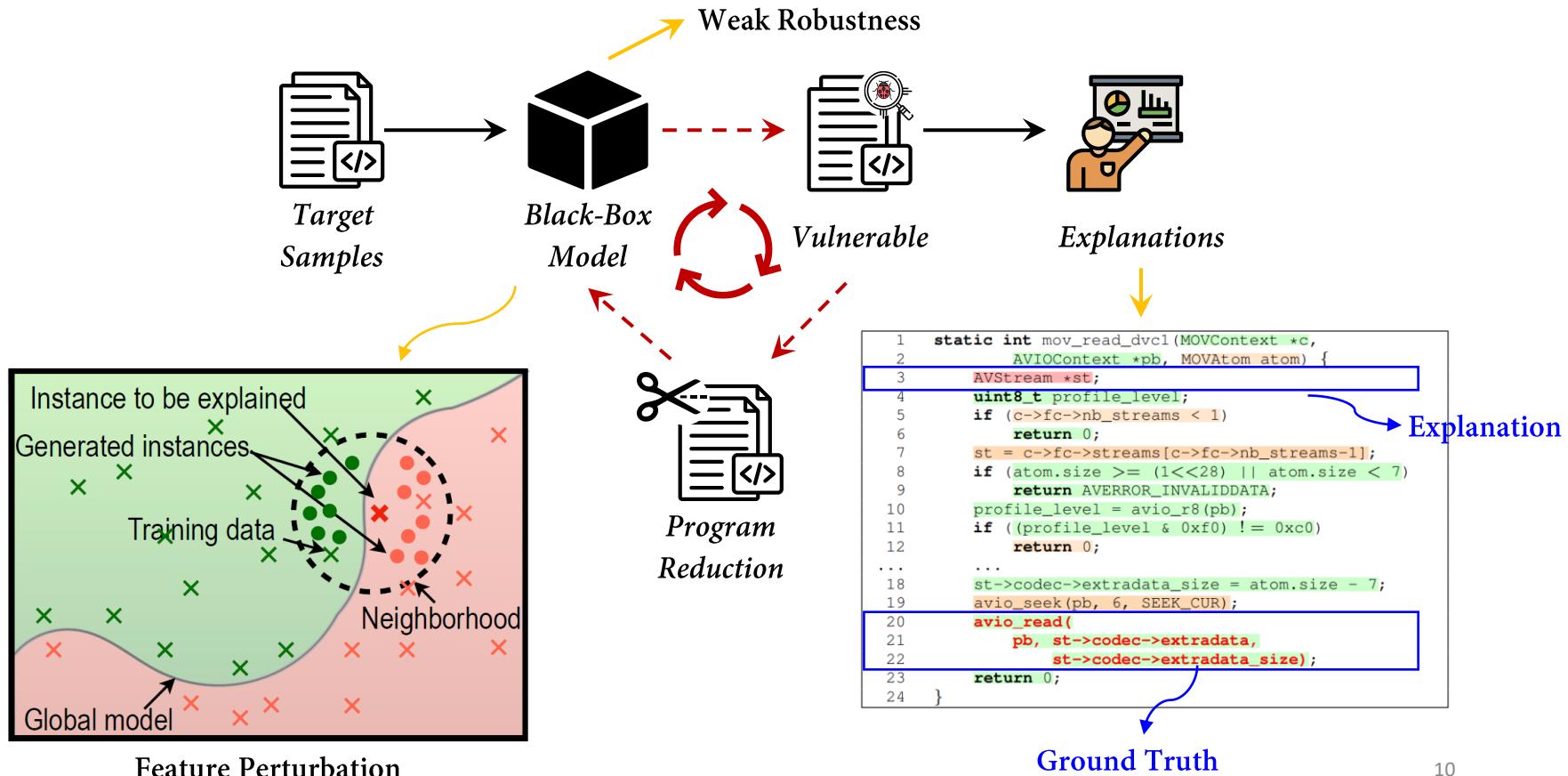
Target  
Sample



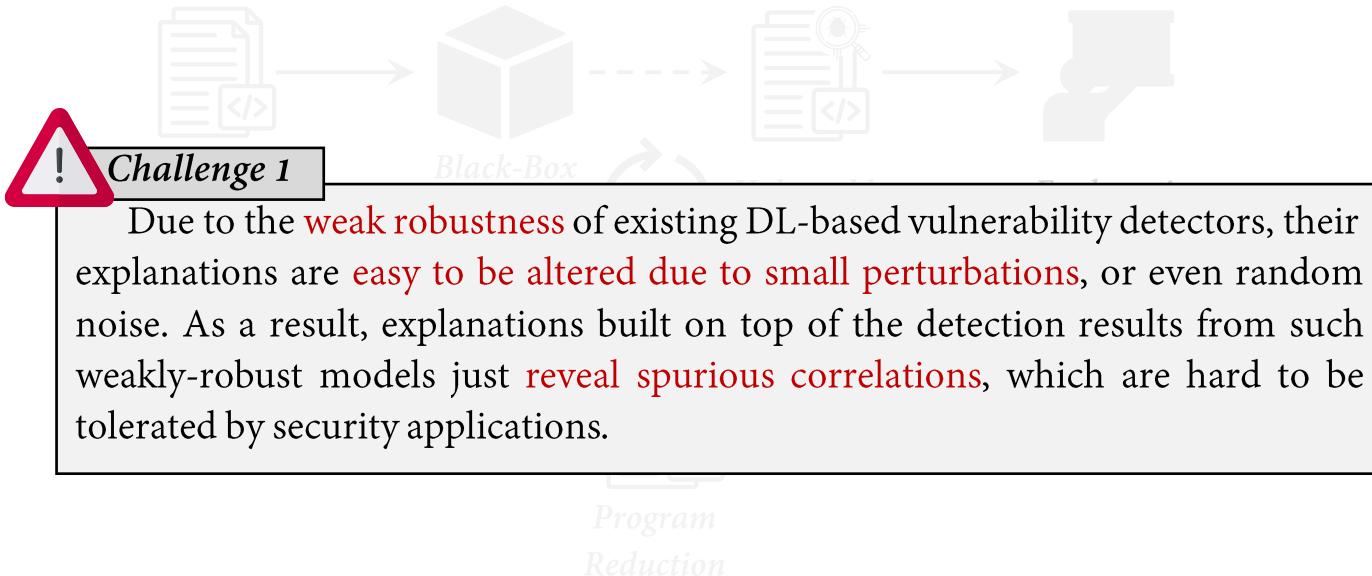
# Challenge of Explainable VD



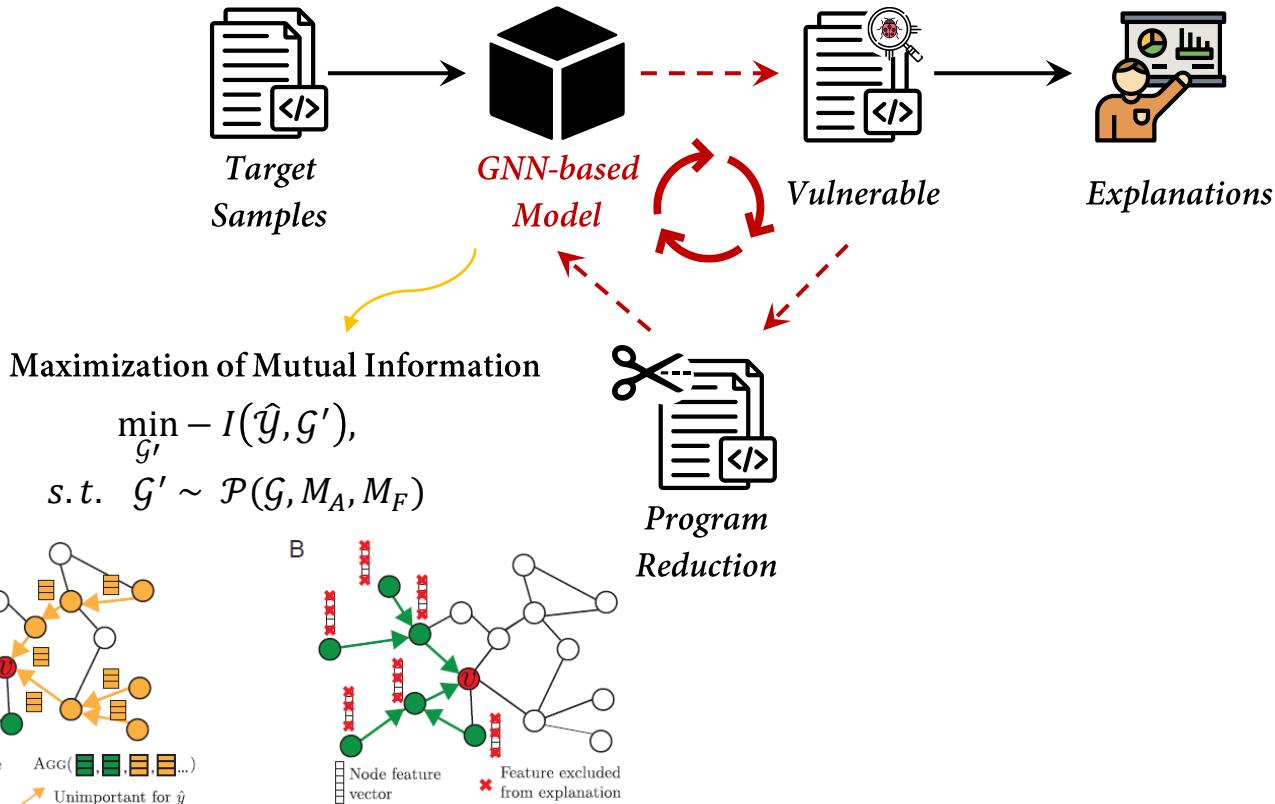
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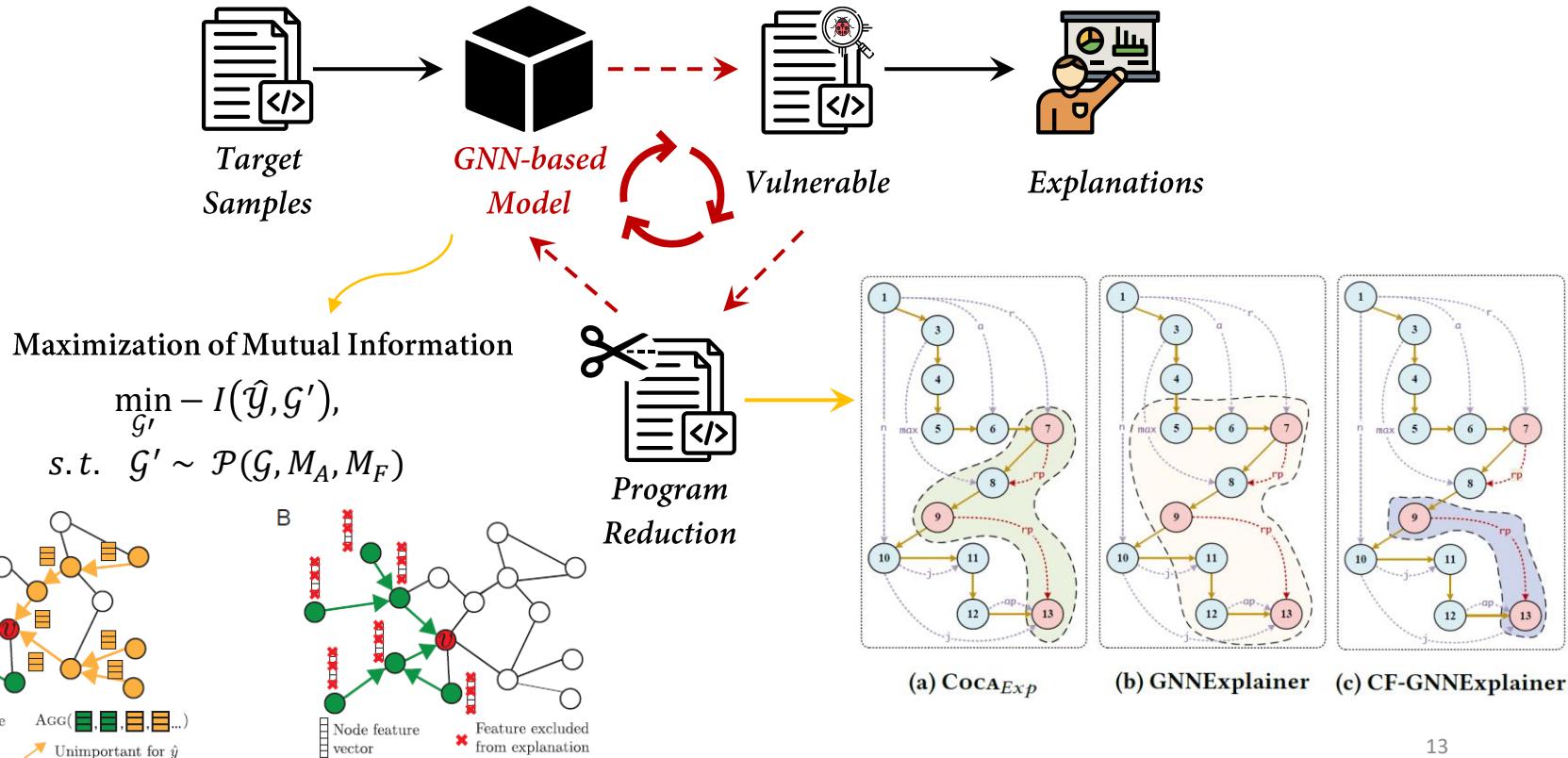
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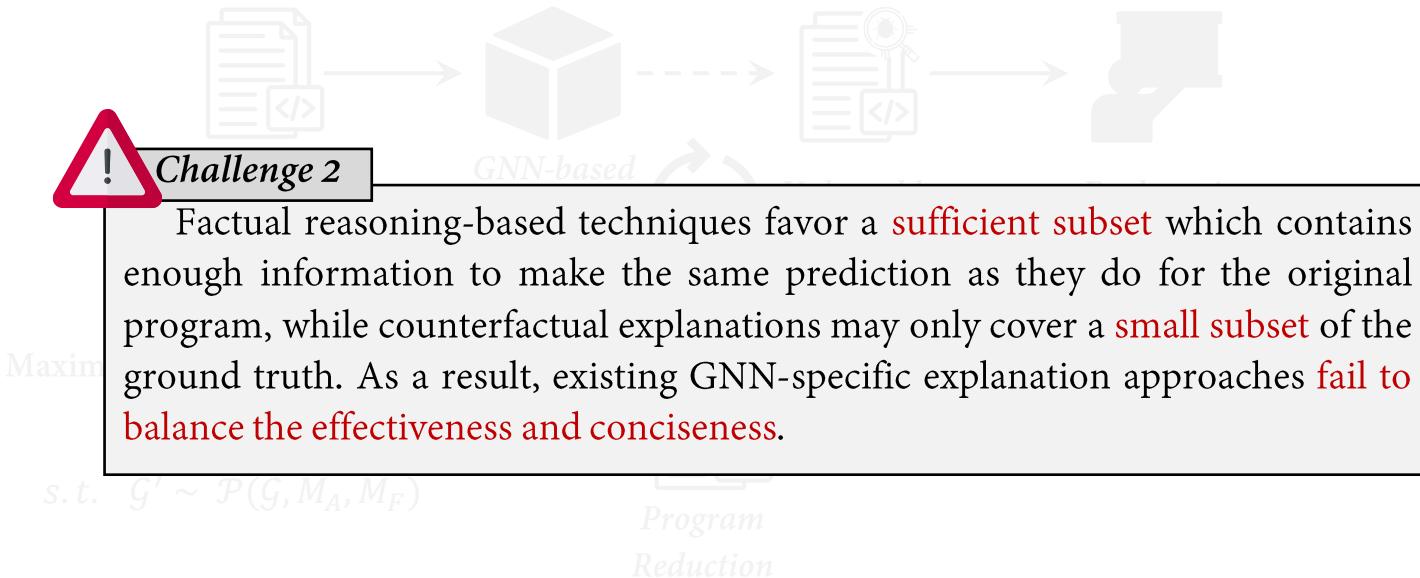
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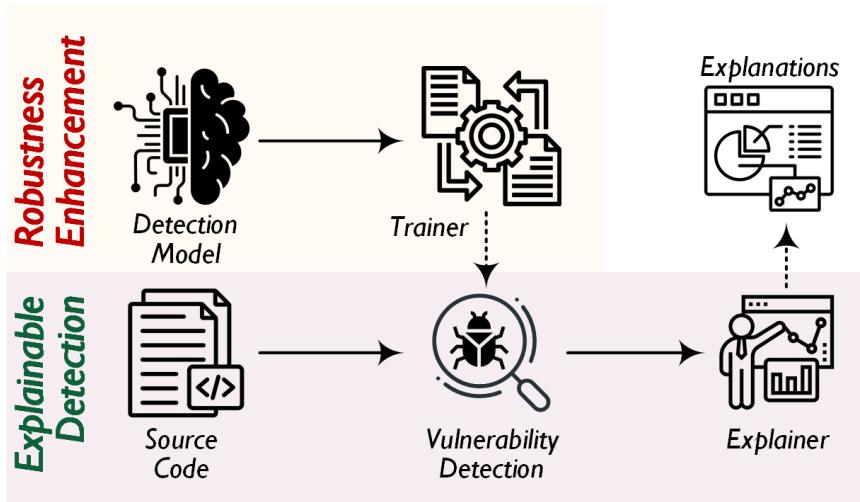
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# Challenge of Explainable VD



# Our approach: COCA



*Workflow of COCA*

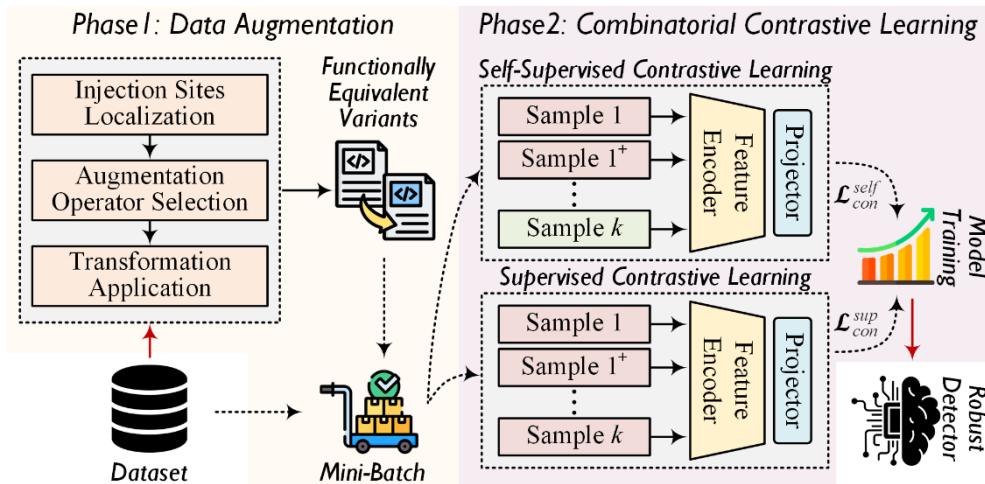
A *General Optimization Framework* for GNN-based *Explainable Vulnerability Detection*

- Combinatorial      Contrastive      Learning-based  
Robustness Enhancement
- Vulnerability Explanation via Dual-View Causal  
Inference

# Our approach: COCA

## A General Optimization Framework for GNN-based Explainable Vulnerability Detection

- ❑ Combinatorial Contrastive Learning-based Robustness Enhancement
- ❑ Vulnerability Explanation via Dual-View Causal Inference



How to enhance the robustness of Classifier against random perturbations?

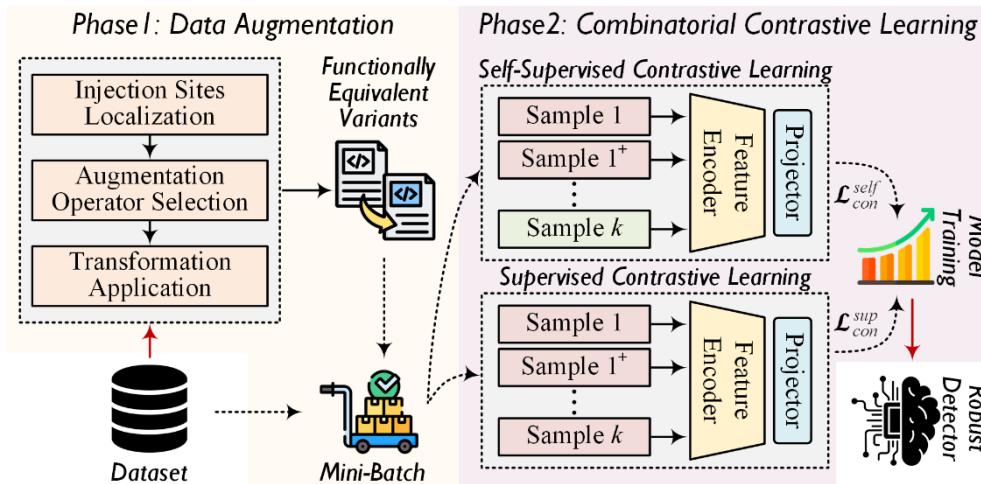
- Perform data augmentation to construct functionally-equivalent variants.

No.	Name	Description
1	Identifier Renaming	Substitute the function/variable name with a random token.
2	Operand Swap	Swap the operands of binary logical operations.
3	Statement Permutation	Swap two lines of statements that have no dependency.
4	Loop Exchange	Replace for loops with while loops or vice versa.
5	Block Swap	Swap then block of a chosen if statement with its corresponding else block.
6	Switch to If	Replace a switch statement with its equivalent if statement.

# Our approach: COCA

## A General Optimization Framework for GNN-based Explainable Vulnerability Detection

- ❑ Combinatorial Contrastive Learning-based Robustness Enhancement
- ❑ Vulnerability Explanation via Dual-View Causal Inference



How to enhance the robustness of Classifier against random perturbations?

- Perform data augmentation to construct functionally-equivalent variants.
- Combine self-supervised contrastive learning with supervised contrastive learning to optimize the learned feature representations.

$$\mathcal{L}_{total} = (1 - \lambda)\mathcal{L}_{con}^{self} + \lambda\mathcal{L}_{con}^{sup}$$

# Our approach: COCA

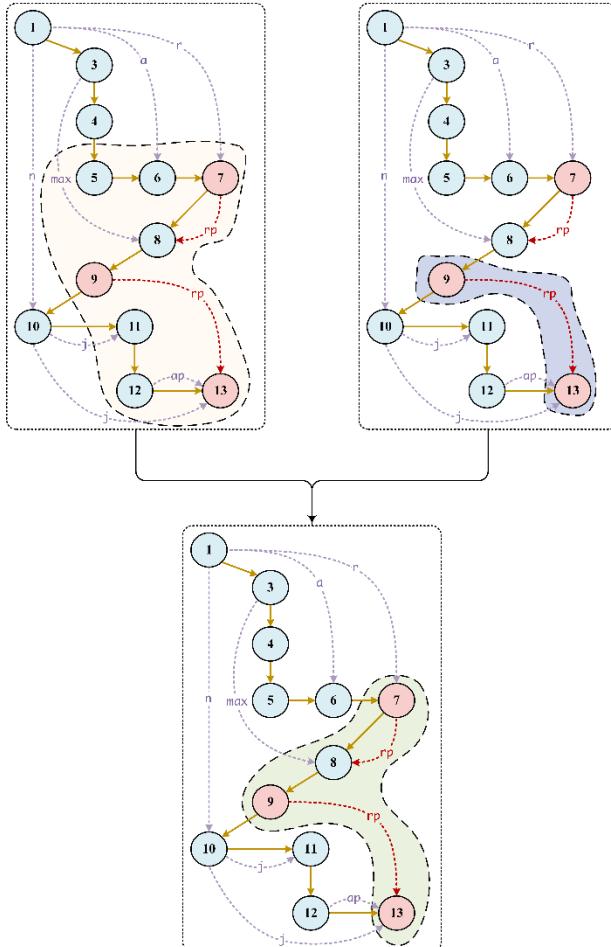
## A General Optimization Framework for GNN-based Explainable Vulnerability Detection

- ❑ Combinatorial Contrastive Learning-based Robustness Enhancement
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How to make a trade-off between effectiveness and conciseness?

- Combine factual inference with counterfactual inference to search the explanation subgraph.



# Our approach: COCA

## A General Optimization Framework for GNN-based Explainable Vulnerability Detection

- Combinatorial Contrastive Learning-based Robustness Enhancement
- Vulnerability Explanation via Dual-View Causal Inference



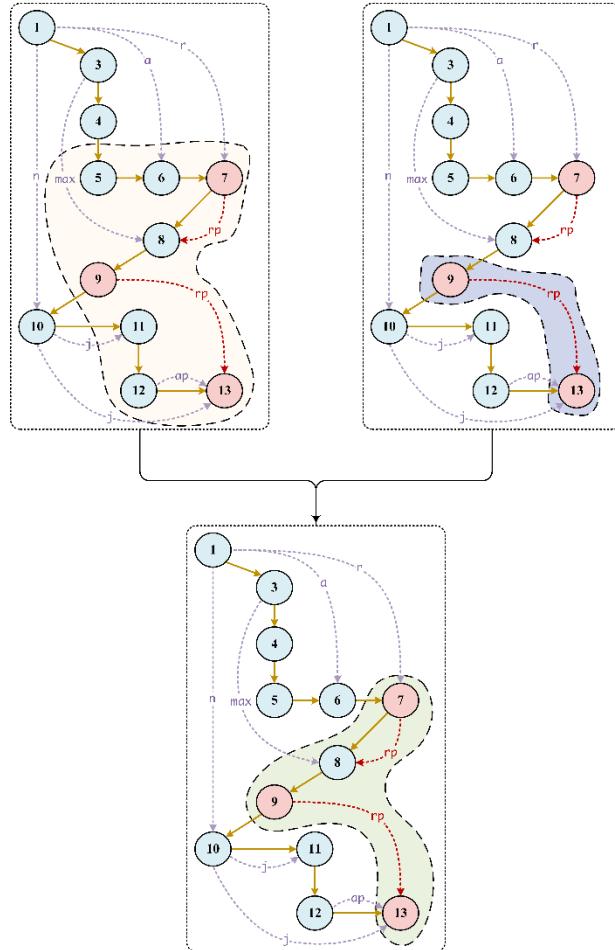
How to make a trade-off between effectiveness and conciseness?

minimize  $C(M_k, F_k)$   
subject to

$$S_f(M_k, F_k) > P(\hat{y}_{k,s} | A_k \odot M_k, X_k \odot F_k)$$

$$S_c(M_k, F_k) > -P(\hat{y}_{k,s} | A_k - A_k \odot M_k, X_k - X_k \odot F_k)$$

Counterfactual Inference



# Performance of COCA

## Dataset

Dataset	# Vul	# Non-vul	# Total	% Ratio
Devign	11,888	14,149	26,037	45.66
ReVeal	1,664	16,505	18,169	9.16
Big-Vul	11,823	253,096	264,919	4.46
CrossVul	6,884	127,242	134,126	5.13
CVEFixes	8,932	159,157	168,089	5.31
<b>Merged</b>	<b>29,844</b>	<b>305,827</b>	<b>335,671</b>	<b>8.89</b>

## Baselines

- Devign (NeurIPS'19)
- ReVeal (TSE'21)
- DeepWuKong (TOSEM'21)

## Detection Performance

Config	Loss	Approach	Acc	Pre	Rec	F1
COCA <sub>Tra</sub>	Default	Devign	<b>89.74</b>	32.59	31.40	31.98
		ReVeal	86.05	31.43	38.45	34.59
		DeepWuKong	87.21	28.55	26.04	27.24
	Ours	Devign	88.15	34.68	37.12	35.86
		ReVeal	87.42	<b>35.96</b>	<b>40.61</b>	<b>38.14</b>
		DeepWuKong	88.30	30.07	34.79	32.26
COCA <sub>Tea</sub>	InfoNCE	Devign	86.33	28.38	30.11	29.22
		ReVeal	84.95	29.64	34.27	31.78
		DeepWuKong	86.20	25.99	24.83	25.40
	NCE	Devign	83.97	26.15	27.69	26.90
		ReVeal	81.52	26.73	31.76	29.03
		DeepWuKong	83.06	22.40	21.46	21.92

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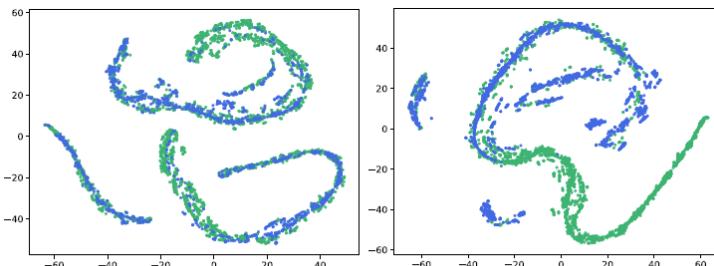
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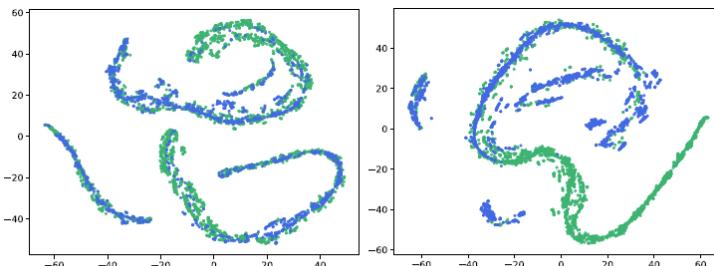
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(a) DeepWuKong (Default)

(b) DeepWuKong (COCA<sub>Tra</sub>)

# Performance of COCA

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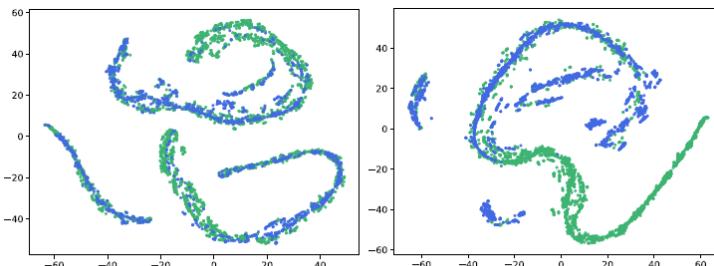
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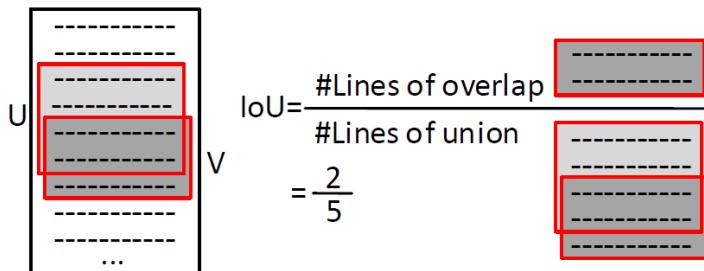
# Performance of COCA

## Baselines

- mVulPreter (TDSC'22)
- IVDetect (ESEC/FSE'21)
- P2IM (ESEC/FSE'21)

## Evaluation Metrics

- Mean Statement Precision (MSP)
- Mean Statement Recall (MSR)
- Mean Intersection over Union (MIoU)



## Explanation Performance

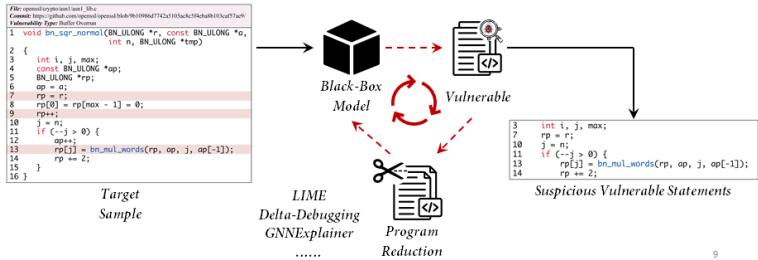
Config	Approach	MSP	MSR	MIoU
Default	mVulPreter	25.86	29.01	22.88
	IVDetect	32.54	23.79	17.06
	P2IM (Devign)	27.99	43.85	22.56
	P2IM (Reveal)	31.04	46.10	28.94
	P2IM (DeepWuKong)	26.57	38.12	23.11
	COCAE <sub>Exp</sub> (Devign)	33.84	44.06	30.89
	COCAE <sub>Exp</sub> (Reveal)	35.61	52.94	34.36
	COCAE <sub>Exp</sub> (DeepWuKong)	29.77	40.16	25.83
COCATra	IVDetect	39.81	31.64	25.19
	P2IM (Devign)	33.01	48.33	29.27
	P2IM (Reveal)	40.62	55.73	36.29
	P2IM (DeepWuKong)	32.97	44.85	28.10
	COCAE <sub>Exp</sub> (Devign)	43.61	52.98	39.64
	COCAE <sub>Exp</sub> (Reveal)	<b>49.52</b>	<b>58.39</b>	<b>44.97</b>
	COCAE <sub>Exp</sub> (DeepWuKong)	40.33	47.61	34.22

# Conclusion

## Explainable VD Workflow

### Definition 1

Given an input program  $P = \{s_1, \dots, s_m\}$  which is detected as vulnerable, the explanation is a set of crucial statements  $\{s_i, \dots, s_j\}$  that are most relevant to the decision of the model.

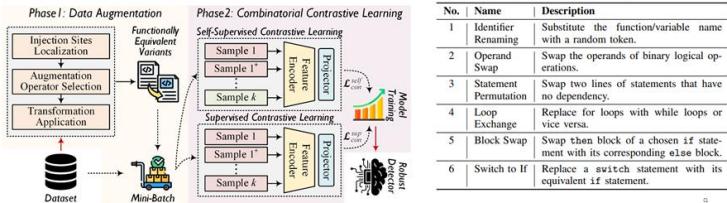


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## Our approach: COCA

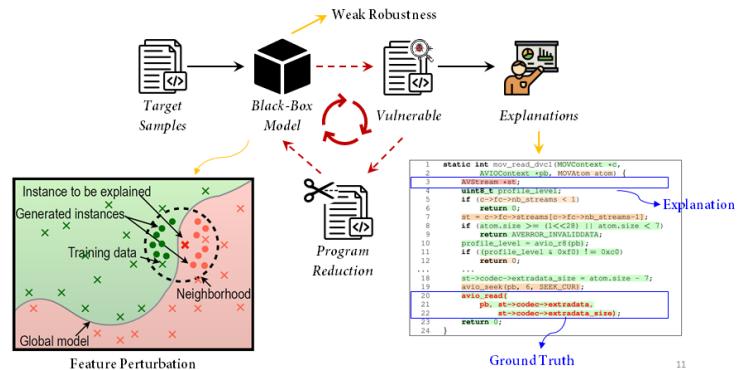
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## Challenge of Explainable VD



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## Performance of COCA

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- IVDetect (ESEC/FSE'21)
- P2IM (ESEC/FSE'21)

### Evaluation Metrics

- Mean Statement Precision (MSP)
- Mean Statement Recall (MSR)
- Mean Intersection over Union (MIoU)

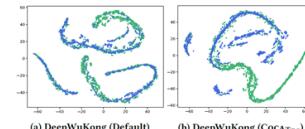
$$U \cup V$$

$$\text{IoU} = \frac{\# \text{Lines of overlap}}{\# \text{Lines of union}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{5}$$

### Explanation Performance

Config	Approach	MSP	MSR	MIoU
Default	mVulPreter	25.86	29.01	22.88
	IVDet	35.75	23.79	17.06
	P2IM (Design)	27.99	22.56	22.56
	P2IM (Reveal)	31.04	46.10	28.94
	P2IM (DeepWuKong)	26.57	38.12	23.11
	CocaExp (Design)	33.84	44.06	30.89
CocaExp (Reveal)	35.61	52.94	34.36	
CocaExp (DeepWuKong)	29.77	40.16	25.83	
CocaCtra	IVDet	30.01	31.64	25.19
	P2IM (Design)	33.00	29.27	27.19
	P2IM (Reveal)	40.62	55.73	36.29
	P2IM (DeepWuKong)	32.97	44.85	28.10
	CocaExp (Design)	43.6	52.98	39.64
	CocaExp (Reveal)	<b>49.53</b>	<b>58.39</b>	<b>44.97</b>
CocaCtra	P2IM (DeepWuKong)	40.33	47.61	34.22



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# Thanks for listening!

✉ sicongcao1996@gmail.com

🔗 <https://github.com/CocaVul/Coca>



Paper



Artifact



揚州大學  
YANGZHOU UNIVERSITY



SINGAPORE  
MANAGEMENT  
UNIVERSITY